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AUTHOR: Kulabukhov, Yu. S.; Timokhin, L. A.; Trubnikov, V. R.26
B

TITLE: Multichannel time selector with a range of seconds

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Fizika, Abs. 12A318

REF SOURCE: Tr. 6-y Nauchno-tehn. konferentsii po yadern. radioelektron. T. 2. M., Atomizdat, 1965, 160-164

TOPIC TAGS: multichannel analyzer, time interval counter, ferrite core memory, data readout

ABSTRACT: The article describes a 120-channel time selector for the intervals of the order of seconds, employing one accumulating counter with a dead time 0.5×10^{-6} sec and a ferrite-core memory which is common to all channels. The channel width is set by means of a quartz oscillator and can be set at 10^{-2} , 10^{-1} , 1, 10, and 10^2 sec. The uncertainty in the channel position relative to the starting pulse is 10^{-3} sec. Provision is made for automatically switching the channel width in accordance with a pre-established program in groups of ten channels each. The readout of the accumulated data is with an oscilloscope and a number printer. The block diagram of the selector is presented and the operation of its individual units described. The practice of one year's operation of the selector has shown that its measuring characteristics are stable and all the units operate reliably. To illustrate the operation of the instrument, a plot of the intensity of delayed neutrons against time, obtained with the selector for the fission of U^{235} by 6-Mev neutrons, is presented. L. S. [Translation of abstract]

Card 1/1 SUB CODE: 09,20 80

SOV/179-59-2-8/40

AUTHORS: Kulabukhova, I. I., and Polubarinova-Kochina, P. Ya. (Tashkent, Moscow)

TITLE: Unsteady Percolation on Incomplete Saturation of a Soil (O neustanovivsheysya fil'tratsii pri nepolnoy nasyshchennosti grunta)

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR OTN, Mekhanika i mashino-stroyeniye, 1959, Nr 2, pp 57-63 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The problem considered in the paper is of interest in connection with the drainage of water from canals, with the percolation of rainfall, with capillary rise and with the movement of water in agricultural soils. By inserting the analytical expression for Darcy's law in the equation of continuity, a non-linear differential equation is obtained. This equation is simplified by expressing the degree of saturation as a power series and limiting the series to two terms. The solution of the resulting linear differential equation contains exponential and error functions, and curves are given (Fig 1) showing the distribution of moisture as a function of

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depth and time. By integrating the solution, an equation for total discharge is obtained, and simple approximate expressions corresponding to long and short times are derived which show that the discharge decreases with time and finally attains a constant value. The case of capillary rise is also considered, and the results of the present investigation are compared with those of other workers. There are 3 figures and 12 references, 6 of which are Soviet and 6 English.

SUBMITTED: November 20, 1958.

Card 2/2

AUTHOR: Kulabukhova, I. I. (Tashkent) SOV/179-59-3-37/45

TITLE: Two Cases of Unstable Filtration with Partial Saturation
of the Soil (Dve zadachi neustanovivsheysya fil'tratsii
pri nepolnoy nasyshchennosti gruntov)

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya Akademii nauk SSSR, Otdeleniye tekhnicheskikh
nauk, Mekhanika i mashinostroyeniye, 1959, Nr 3,
pp 196-201 (USSR)

ABSTRACT: The first case is related to water irrigation where a
drain of small diameter a with apertures in its wall
is placed in the soil. The saturation of the soil is
expressed by Eq (1.1). This can be solved when the
function u_1 is defined as Eq (1.2), where

k_1 - coefficient of filtration for full saturation,

σ - soil porosity,

w_o - interstitial water,

w'' - initial saturation,

p - pressure,

γ - specific weight.

If the limiting conditions (1.3), (1.4) and (1.5) are
Card 1/3 applied, the formula (1.6) (Ref 2) can be used in order

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Two Cases of Unstable Filtration with Partial Saturation of the Soil

to obtain the equation of heat conductivity, Eq (1.7) for the conditions (1.8) and (1.9). Consequently, the expression (1.20) for w_n is derived from the transformations (1.10) to (1.19). The value of χ in Eq (1.20) defines the analytical function in the complex plane and can be found from the asymptotic function (1.21) which for the closed contour L (Fig 1) is equal to zero. Thus, Eq (1.22) can be derived. The contour Γ (Fig 2) can be defined for $s = \Lambda$. Then, the expression for w_n takes the forms of Eqs (1.24) and (1.25), where J_n , Y_n - Bessel functions. Fig 3 illustrates the lines of equal saturation $r = r(\Theta)$ for $u_1 = \text{const}$ and $0.5 a \theta / \kappa = 0.15 \text{ cm}$. Fig 4 represents similar lines of equal pressure of the water-head $h = \text{const}$ ($h = p/\gamma - z$). The output of water q can be defined from the formulae (1.26) to (1.28), where v_r - velocity of flow. The second case of irrigation consists of a sphere (of diameter a) placed in the soil where it collects water seeping up from the ground surface. The coordinates of this sphere are illustrated in Fig 5. The axial flow of water does not

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Two Cases of Unstable Filtration with Partial Saturation of the
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depend on φ . The calculation can be performed as previously, i.e. the basic formula (2.1) can be shown in spherical coordinates as Eq (2.2). The value u_1^1 is determined from Eq (2.5) for the conditions (2.4). By inclusion of the function (2.5), the Eq (2.6) is obtained and from the transformations (2.7) to (2.18), the formula for w is defined at the end of the article. This formula describes the distribution of saturation as illustrated in Fig 6 (which is equivalent to Fig 3).

There are 6 figures and 5 Soviet references.

SUBMITTED: November 26, 1958

Card 3/3

KULABUKHOVA, I. I., Cand Phys-Math Sci -- (diss) "Some irregular movements of ground water during incomplete saturation of the ground." Tashkent, 1960. 14 pp; (Central Asiatic State Univ im V. I. Lenin); 200 copies; price not given; (KL, 18-60, 146)

KULABUKHOVA, I.I.

Integrals involved in the problem of unsteady flow around a
blanket. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; mat. no.3:49-55 '61.
(MIRA 14:7)

1. Institut mekhaniki AN UzSSR.
(Integrals) (Laminar flow) (Hydrodynamics)

SHAKOL'SKAYA, N.P.; TSINZERLING, L.G.; KULABUENOVA, R.S.

Selective etchant and a polishing solution for potassium bromide crystals. Kristallografiia 10 no.1:121-125 Ja-F '65.

l. Moskovskiy institut stali i splavov.

(MIRA 18:3)

KULACHENKO, V.G., Cand Agr Sci -- (diss) "Seeding and
yield ^{Growing} qualities of machine-harvested cotton plant seeds, mechanically
selected" Tashkent 1958, 21 pp (Uzbek Acad of
Agr Tashkent Agr Inst) 150 copies (KL, 32-58, 110)

- 18 -

KULACHENKO, Valentin Grigor'yevich; GOL'DBERG, Grigoriy Aleksandrovich

[Growing high-quality cotton seeds] Ikkori sifatli uruglik
chig'it etishtirish. Toshkent, Uz davnashr, 1964. 49 p.
[In Uzbek] (MIRA 17:11)

KULACHENKO, V.
COUNTRY : USSR M
CATEGORY : Cultivated Plants. Commercial. Oleiferous.
Sugar-Bearing.
ABS. JOUR. : RZhBiol., No. 4, 1959, No. 15725

AUTHOR : Kulachenko, V.
INST. : All-Union Cotton Sci.Res.Inst.
TITLE : Sowing and Crop-yield Qualities of Seed of
Machine-picked Cotton.

ORIG. PUB. : Khlopkovodstvo, 1958, No.1, 19-22

ABSTRACT : The central selection station of the All-Union
Cotton Scientific Research Institute studied
the quality and crop-yield of the seeds of
machine-picked cotton as compared to seeds of
hand-picked cotton. It was determined that these
seeds are equivalent to seeds of hand picking in
quality and crop yield. The best quality of seeds
was obtained when the picking of seed cotton was
begun with 60 % opened bolls present. In the
working conditions of machine picking, it is

CARD: 1/2

111

ABELEV, Yu.M.; BRAYT, P.I.; KRUTOV, V.I.; KULACHENOK, B.G.; SOROCHAN,
Ie.A.; EYDUK, R.P.

Testing a series l-480-P large-panel apartment house erected on
settling soil. Osn., fund.i mekh.grun. 4 no.2:3-5 '62.

(MIRA 15:8)

(Zaporozh'ye—Apartment houses—Testing)

GRIGORYAN, A.A.; KULACHENOK, B.G.

In situ studies of the deformations of sagging ground under
testing plates. Osn. fund. i mekh. grun. 7 no.3:7-8 '65.

(MIRA 18:6)

GRIGORYAN, A.A.; KULACHENOK, B.G.

Average curve of the relation of soil sagging to pressure. Osn.,
fund. i mekh. grun. 7 no.4:25-26 '65.

(MIRA 18:8)

KULACHKOV, V. I., inzh.

Modernization of the Sh-15 steam boiler. Energetik 9 no. 5:7-9
My '61.
(Boilers) (MIRA 14:5)

SBEREGAYEV, Nikolay Pavlovich; KOMNOVSKIY, M.L., inzh., retsenzant;
KULACHKOV, V.I., inzh., retsenzant; GERB, M.A., inzh., red.;
MITARCEUK, G.A., red. izd-va; SPERANSKAYA, O.V., tekhn. red.

[Concise handbook on descriptive geometry and mechanical drawing]
kratkii spravochnik po nachertatel'noi geometrii i mashinostroyitel'nому chercheniu. Moskva, Mashgiz, 1962. 214 p.

(Mechanical drawing)
(Geometry, Descriptive) (MRA 15:3)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000927320006-2

KULACHKOV, V.I.

Closing valve without gland. Mashinostroitel' no.1:26 Ja '62.
(Valves) (MIRA 15:1)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000927320006-2"

KULACHKOV, V.I., inzh. (Saratov)

Electromagnetic treatment of the feed water for steam boilers.
Vod.i san.tekh. no.4:35 Ap '62. (MIRA 15:8)
(Feed-water purification) (Electromagnetic waves)

KULACHKOV, V.I.

Saving heat in metal-coating shops. Mashinostroitel'
no.9:45 S '62. (MIRA 15:9)
(Factory management)

GERB, M.A.; KULACHKOV, V.I., inzh., retsenzent; MEN'SHIKOV, N.S.,
dots., red.; YURKEVICH, M.P., inzh., red. izd-va;
SHCHETININA, L.V., tekhn. red.

[Compilation and reading of machinery drawings] Sostavlenie
i chtenie mashinostroitel'nykh chertezhei. Moskva, Mashgiz,
1963. 21% p. (MIRA 16:4)
(Machinery—Drawing)

FEDORENKO, V.A.; SHOSHIN, A.I.; KULACHKOV, V.I., inzh., red.;
YURKEVICH, M.P., inzh., red.izd-va; SHCHETININA, L.V.,
tekhn. red.

[Manual for machine drawing] Spravochnik po mashino-
stroitel'nomu chercheniiu. 7. izd., ispr. i dop. Moskva,
Mashgiz, 1963. 280 p. (MIRA 16:8)
(Machinery--Drawing)

POLYAKOV, G.M., kand. tekhn. nauk; KULACHIKOV, V.I., inzh.

Permissible working pressure in the drums of plant boilers.
Teploenergetika 10 no.9:39-40 S '63. (MIRA 16:10)

1. Saratovskiy politekhnicheskiy institut.
(Boilers)

KULACHKOV, V.I., inzh.

Use of threadless joints between pipes, equipment, and fittings.
Energetik 11 no.2:13-14 F '63. (MIRA 16:3)
(Pipe fitting) (Plumbing)

KULACHKOV, V.I., inzh.

Electromagnetic treatment of boiler feedwater. Prom. energ.
18 no.11:32 N '63.
(MIRA 16:12)

KULACHKOV, V. I., inzh.

Connecting of tapered belts. Enervetik 12 no.1:20 Ja 64.
(MIRA 17:3)

POLYAKOV, G.M., kand. tekhn. nauk; KULICHKOV, V.I., inzh.

Temperature conditions of the heating surfaces of the TF-170
boiler operating on natural gas with increased loads. Sbor.
nauch. soob. SPI no.17:65-76 162. (MIRA 17:6)

KULACHKOV, V. I.

Do we need explosion safety valves for DKV and DKVR boilers.
Gaz. prom. 8 no.12:28-29 '63 (MIRA 18:2)

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000927320006-2

KULACHKOV, V.I.

Device for the mounting of fan impellers. Bezop. truda v prom. 8 no.10;
51 0 '64.
(MIRA 17:11)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000927320006-2"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000927320006-2

KULACHKOV, V. I., inzh.

Diaphragm closing valve. Energetik 12 no. 13823 N 161
(NJRA 1882)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000927320006-2"

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000927320006-2

KULACHKOV, V.I.

Pocket for removing and mounting the impeller of a fan.
Mashinostroitel' no.1:24 Ja '65.

(MIRA 18:3)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000927320006-2"

VYSOTSKAYA, S.O.; KULACHKOVA, V.G.; PAVLOVSKIY, Ye.N., akademik.

Gamasoid ticks as intermediate hosts of roundworms. Dokl. Akademiya Nauk SSSR 91 no.2:
441-443 J1 '53. (MLRA 6:6)

(Parasites--Ticks) (Roundworm)
1. Akademiya nauk SSSR (for Pavlovskiy)

KULACHKOVA, V.G.

Tetracladium sternae nov.gen.nov.sp., a new parasite of the common tern. Uch.zap.Len.un. no.172:132-134 '54. (MLRA 10:3)

1. Kafedra zoologii bespozvonovnykh Leningradskogo ordena Lenina gosudarstvennogo universiteta.
(Trematodes) (Parasites--Terns)

USSR/Zooparasitology - Helminths.

G.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 15, 1958, 67505

Author : Kulachkova, V.G.

Inst : Leningrad Society of Naturalists.

Title : A New Species of Kidney Trematode *Renicola mollissima*
nov. sp. in the Common Eider.

Orig Pub : Tr. Leningr. o-va yestestvoispyt., 1957, 73, No 4, 198-203

Abstract : Full-grown eiders of the Kandalaksha Forest Reservation
are 14.7% infected with *R. mollissima*; the trematode ap-
pears in the 2-week old ducklings. The eiders pick up the
parasite at the nesting spot. The variability of the mor-
phological characteristics of the *R. mollissima* has been
investigated. The characteristics of the structure of the
yolk organs are the most constant, and consequently the
most convenient, characteristics for constructing the genus
Renicola system.

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KULACHKOVA, V.G.

Annual and seasonal fluctuations in the infection rate of
Hydrobia ulvae (Pennant, 1777) by the larvae of Paramonostomum
alveatum (Mehlis, 1846) Lühe, 1909 (Trematoda). Trudy Kar.
fil. AN SSSR no.30:79-89 '61. (MIRA 15:9)

(Kandalaksha Bay--Parasites--Mollusks)
(Kandalaksha Bay--Trematoda)

KULACHKOVA, V.G.

Biology of the larval stages of *Paramonostomum alveatum*
(Mehlis, 1846) Lühe, 1909 (Trematoda), a dangerous parasite
of eiders. Trudy Kar. fil. AN SSSR no.30:90-91 '61.
(MIRA 15:9)

(Kandalaksha Bay—Trematoda)
(Kandalaksha Bay—Parasites—Ducks)

KULACHKOVA, Ye. I.

see also: KMITO, Ye. I.

KULACHKOVSKIY, YU. V. CandMed Sci -- (diss) "Lung tuberculosis in pregnant women and new mothers". (Clinic, course and treatment). L'vov, 1956. 21 pp 20 cm. (L'vov State Med Inst), 100 copies (KL, 10-57, 104)

- 22 -

Kuchnich et al. 1956

GONCHARENKO, O.T.; KULACHKOVSKIY, Yu.V.

Course of postpartum pulmonary tuberculosis. Probl.tub. 34 no.6
supplement:19 N-D '56.
(MIRA 10:2)

1. Iz L'vovskogo nauchno-issledovatel'skogo instituta okhrany materin-
stva i detstva (dir. I.D.Yashchuk) i kafedry tuberkuleza (zav. -
prof. I.T.Stukalo) L'vovskogo meditsinskogo instituta (dir. - prof.
L.N.Kuzmenko)

(TUBERCULOSIS, PULMONARY,
postpartum (Rus))
(PUERPERIUM, complications,
tuber., pulm. (Rus))

KULACHKOVSKIY, Yu. V.

Antibacterial preparations and collapse therapy in the treatment of pulmonary tuberculosis in pregnancy and puerperium. Probl. tub. 35 no. 6:33-37 '57.
(MIRA 12:1)

1. Iz kafedry tuberkuleza (zav. prof. I.T. Stukalo) Lvovskogo meditsinskogo inst tuta (dir. - prof. L.N. Kuzmenko) i Lvovskogo instituta okhrany materinstva i mladenchesstva (dir. I.D. Yashchuk).

(PNEUMOTHORAX, ARTIFICIAL

adjuvant, bacteriostatics, in pregn. & puerperium (Rus))
(PREGNANCY, in various dis.

tuberc., pulm. ther., artificial pneumothorax & bacteriostatics (Rus))

KULACHKOVSKIY, Yu.V., kand.med.nauk

Course of pulmonary tuverculosis following interruption of
pregnancy (with summary in French). Probl.tub. 36 no.3:33-36
'58 (MIRA 11:5)

1. Iz knfadry tuberkuleza (zav. - prof. I.T. Stukalo) L'vovskogo
meditsinskogo instituta (dir. - prof. L.H. Kuzmenko) i L'vovskog0
instituta okhrany materinstva i detstva (dir. I.D. Yashchuk).

(ABORTION, THERAPEUTIC

in pulm. tuberc., eff. on course of dis. (Rus))

(TUBERCULOSIS, PULMONARY, in pregn.

eff. of abortion on course of dis. (Rus))

STUKALO, I.T., prof.; KULACHKOVSKIY, Yu.V., kand.med.nauk;
SHAKHINIDI, F.Ye.

State of the blood circulation system in patients with tubercu-
losis of the lungs; from data of instrumental studies. Probl.
tub. 38 no.7:70-77 '60.
(TUBERCULOSIS) (BALLISTOCARDIOGRAPHY) (ELECTROCARDIOGRAPHY)
(MIRA 14:1)

STUKALO, I.T., prof.; KULACHKOVSKIY, Yu.V.; SHAKHINIDI, G.Ye.

Pulmonary heart syndrome in tuberculosis. Probl.tub. 38
no.8:36-45 '60. (MIRA 14:1)

1. Iz kliniki tuberkuleza (sav. - prof. I.T. Stukalo) L'vov-
skogo meditsinskogo instituta (dir. - prof. L.N. Kuzmenko).
(TUBERCULOSIS) (PULMONARY HEART DISEASE)

STUKALO, I.T., prof.; KULACHKOVSKIY, Yu.V., kand.med.neuk;
SHAKHINIDI, G.Ye.

Norms for the basic elements of electro- and ballistocardiography
of healthy young people residing in the western regions of the
Ukrainian S.S.R. Nauch.trudy L'vov.obl.terap.ob-va no.1:55-61 '61
(MIRA 1635)

1. L'vovskaya oblastnaya klinicheskaya bol'nitsa (glavnnyy vrach --
N.I. Besedin).

(ELECTROCARDIOGRAPHY) (BALLISTOCARDIOGRAPHY)
(UKRAINE—CARDIOLOGY—RESEARCH)

STUKALO, I.T., prof.; KULACHKOVSKIY, Yu.V., kand.med.nauk; SHAKHINIDI, G.Ye.

Results of a study of arterial pressure and systolic and minute
blood volume in a group of medical students. Vrach. delo 4:125-126
Ap '62. (MIRA 15:5)

I. L'vovskiy meditsinskiy institut.

(BLOOD PRESSURE) (BLOOD VOLUME)

KULACHKOVSKIY, Yu.V., kand. med. nauk; MAR'ENKO, S.S. (Lvov)

Determination of 17-ketogenic steroids in the urine. Probl. endok.
1 gorn. 10 no.1:111-116 Ja-F '64.

(MIRA 17:10)

1. Kafedra biokhimii (zav. - prof. B.M. Sobchuk), tuberkuleza
(zav. - prof. I.T. Stukalo) i psichiatrii (zav. prof. Ye.V. Maslov)
Lvovskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

BUTKIN, V.D., inzh.; KULACHOK, M.I.

Research on boring with a roller bit, carried out on the BSSH-1V
rig-testing machine. Gor.zhur. no.5:37-41 My '61. (MIRA '4:6)

1. Chelyabinskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut gornogo dela.
(Rock drills—Testing)

KULACHOK, M.I., inzh.

Investigating roller bit boring at strip mines of the Sokolovka-Sarbay Combine. Gor.zhur. no.10:32-36 O '64.

(MIRA 18:1)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy i proyektno-konstruktorskiy institut po dobychi poleznykh iskopayemykh otkrytym sposobom, Chelyabinsk.

S/081/62/000/022/014/086
B177/B186

AUTHOR: Kulacsy, Lóránt

TITLE: An ultracentrifuge for analytical and preparative purposes

PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 22, 1962, 147, abstract
22E64 (Gyógyszerészet, v. 6, no. 5, 1962, 190 [Hung.])

TEXT: A brief report on a laboratory ultracentrifuge, designed to operate
at temperatures from -5 to +70°C. Maximum acceleration 182,000 g.
[Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

Card 1/1

KULAGA, J.

"We Built Alone." p. 7, (BUDOWNICTWO WIEJSKIE, Vol. 5, no. 1, Jan./Feb. 1953, Warszawa, Poland)

SO: Monthly Lists of East European Acquisitions, LC, Vol. 3, no. 5, May 1954/Uncr.

BAGASHVILI, Shota Aronovich; KULAGA, Lev Nikiforovich; FLORINSKIY, I.I.,
red. izd-va; BRUSINA, L.N., tekhn. red.

Rustavi. Red. kollegiat: P.V. Abrosimov i dr. Moskva, Gos. izd-vo
lit-ry po stroit., arkhit. i stroit. materialam, 1958. 27 p.
(MIRA 11:?)

1. Soyuz arkhitektorov SSSR.
(Rustavi--Description)

ZHUKOVSKAYA, Zoya Iosifovna; MINKOV, Vladimir Afroimovich; PEKELIS,
Grigoriy Borisovich; FUT'KO, Ivan Ivanovich; Prinimali uchastye:
GALENCHIK, E.M.; KULAGA, T.N.; BEL'ZATSKAYA, L., red.
izd-va; TURTSEVICH, L., tekhn. red.

[Use of natural gas in power engineering] Ispol'zovanie prirodnogo gaza v energetike. Minsk, Izd-vo Akad. nauk BSSR, 1962.
191 p. (MIRA 16:2)

I. Otdel obshchey energetiki Energeticheskogo instituta
Akademii nauk Belorusskoy SSR (for all except Bel'zatskaya,
Turtsevich).
(Power engineering) (Gas distribution)

KUL'GA, Vera L'vovna; FEDOROVA, T.N., red.izd-va; GOL'BERG, T.M.,
tekhn.-red.

[Clubs in large-scale construction] Kluby massovogo stroitel'-
stva. Moskva, Gosstroizdat, 1962. 163 p. (MIRA 15:11)
(Clubhouses)

KULAGA, V.L., arkitektor

Types of public buildings for complex development of microdistricts.
Izv. ASIA no.3:25-36 '62. (MIRA 15:11)
(City planning) (Public buildings)

VAVIROVSKIY, N.M.; KULAGA, V.L.; YANITSKIY, O.N., red.

[Comprehensive series of public buildings for micro-districts, residential areas, cities, and settlements]
Kompleksnaya seriya obshchestvennykh zdaniy dlia mikro-raionov, zhilykh raionov, gorodov i poselkov. Moskva,
1964. 168 p.
(MIRA 17:6)

1. TSentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy i proyektnyy
institut tipovogo i eksperimental'nogo proyektirovaniya
uchebnykh zdaniy.

KULAGASHEV, A.I.; YERMAKOV, N.S.

Complex ore deposits in an effusive formation. Trudy VITR
no. 4:285-287 '61. (MIRA 14:9)
(Ore deposits)

KULAGA, V.V. (Novokuznetsk)

Cutaneous forms of periarteritis nodosa; a review of literature.
Vest. derm i ven. 38 no.8:34-40 Ag '64. (MIRA 18:8)

KULAGA, V.V. (Novokuznetsk)

Cutaneous form of periarteritis nodosa. Vest. derm. i ven.
38 no.5:45-49 My '64. (MIRA 18:12)

1. Submitted May 16, 1963.

KULAGA, V.V.

Treatment of cutaneous hemosiderosis with ethyl chloride.
Vest. derm. i ven. 38 no.10:82-83 O '64.

(MIRA 18:7)

1. Kaf'dra kozhnykh i venericheskikh bolezney (zav. - dotsent
V.Ya. Nekachalov) Novokuznetskogo instituta isovershenstvo-
vaniya vrachej.

16.6500:

345/8
S/044/62/000/001/050/061
C111/C222AUTHOR: Kulagin, A. A.TITLE: Approximate solution to the homogeneous equations of
the moment theory of spherical shellsPERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal Matematika, no. 1, 1962, 32,
abstract IV152. (Izv. vyssh. uchebn. zavedeniy, Str.-vo
i arkhitekt.", 1961, no. 3, 13-24)TEXT: Because the practical application of the known rigorous
solution to the system of equations of the moment theory of spherical
shells calls for the tabulation of complicated functions, the author
suggests an approximate solution to the problem. The question of error
estimates is mentioned. An example is solved.

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation.]

Card 1/1

ACC NR: AR6030399

(N)

SOURCE CODE: UR/0124/66/000/006/V012/V012

AUTHOR: Kulagin, A. A.

TITLE: Calculations for a sloping spherical shell on a rectangular plan

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Mekhanika, Abs. 6V87

REF SOURCE: Tr. Tsentr. n.-i i proyektno-eksperim. in-ta prom. zdaniy i sooruzh., vyp. 3, 1965, 42-50

TOPIC TAGS: ^{structure}spheric shell, partial differential equation, shell theory.

TRANSLATION: A system of two differential equations for a sloping spherical shell (Vlasov, V. Z., *Obochnaya teoriya obolochek i yeye prilozheniya v tekhnike* (The General Theory of Shells and Its Applications in Technology), Moscow-Leningrad, Gostekhteorizdat, 1949) is reduced to an equation of the sixth order with respect to the stress function with a simple solution. A rectangular shell which is supported by hinges on the two opposite sides and with arbitrary boundary conditions on the other two sides is then considered. Given as a function of stresses in a direction perpendicular to the hinge-supported edges in the form of an expansion in sine functions, the author reduces the equation in partial derivatives of the sixth order to an ordinary differential equation of the same order, which is then integrated by the usual methods. A function of normal displacements is then defined. To determine the two other tangential

Card 1/2

ACC NR: AR6030399

displacements, a system of two equations is derived, in the right-hand sides of which are included the stress and bend functions defined earlier. The case of symmetric and antisymmetric uniformly distributed loads are considered. P. A. Lukash.

SUB CODE: 12,20/3

Card 2/2

ZHUKOVSKIY, E.Z., inzh.; KULAGIN, A.A.

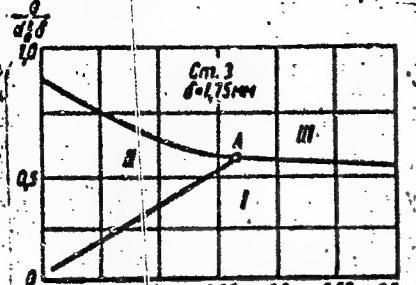
Partly precast and partly cast-in-place reinforced concrete
shells with two-way curvature made of large slabs. Prom. stroi.
40 no.12:9-12 '62. (MIRA 15:12)

1. TSentral'nyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy i proyektno-eksperimental'nyy
institut promyshlennykh zdaniy i scoruzheniy Akademii
stroitel'stva i arkhitektury SSSR.
(Roofs, Shell)

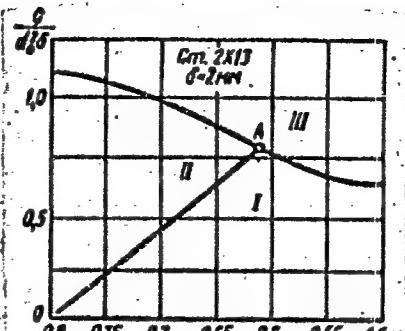
L 28446-66	EWT(m)/EWF(t)/ETI/EWP(k)	IJP(c)	JD/HW	SEARCHED	INDEXED
ACC NR:	AP6016580	(A)	SOURCE CODE:	UR/0182/66/000/005/0026/0017	
AUTHOR: <u>Antonenkov, O. D.; Anuchin, M. A.; Kulagin, A. F.; Nosikov, S. M.</u>				39	8
ORG: none					
TITLE: Coefficient of reduction in explosive forming					
SOURCE: Kuznechno-shtampovochnoye proizvodstvo, no. 5, 1966, 26-27					
TOPIC TAGS: explosive forming, steel sheet, sheet forming, steel formability					
ABSTRACT: Experiments have been conducted to determine the relationship between reductions in explosive forming and the weight of the explosive charge. Steel specimens 70--300 mm in diameter were tested in two explosive forming units of different design (one with a soft and another with a rigid water container) with explosive charges of varying weight suspended at a certain constant height above the tested material. The results of experiments with <u>St3</u> and <u>2K13</u> steels are shown in Fig. 1, in which the horizontal axis represents reductions (the ratios of cup diameter to blank diameter) and the vertical axis represents the specific charge weights ($g/d_0^2\delta$, where g is the charge weight in g, d_0 is the die diameter in mm, and δ is the sheet thickness in mm). Region I represents the conditions under which the desired reduction cannot be obtained in a single operation; region II, the con-					
Card	1/2	UDC:	621.98.044		

L 28446-66

ACC NR: AP6016580



(a)



(b)

Fig. 1. Dependence of the reduction coefficient upon the explosive charge weight.

a) St3 steel; b) 2Kh13 steel.

ditions under which full reductions are obtained without material failure; and region III, the conditions under which the material fails. Point A represents optimal conditions under which maximum reduction (0.63—0.67) can be obtained in a single operation. Orig. art. has: 4 figures.

[ND]

SUB CODE: .13/ SUBM DATE: none/ ORIG REF: 002/ ATD PRESS: 5006

Card 2/2 XC

L 1537-66

ACCESSION NR: AT 5023632

UR/0000/65/000/000/0513/0513

AUTHORS: Shafer, Yu. G.; Kuzhevskiy, B. M.; Kulagin, A. G.; Skryabin, N. G.
44,55 44,55 44,55 44,55TITLE: Effects of solar and geophysical phenomena in primary radiation,
instrumentally recorded by the "Kosmos-19" satellite
44,55SOURCE: Vsesoyuznaya konferentsiya po fizike kosmicheskogo prostranstva. Moscow,
1965. Issledovaniya kosmicheskogo prostranstva (Space research); trudy
konferentsii. Moscow, Izd-vo Nauka, 1965, 513TOPIC TAGS: cosmic ray, cosmic ray measurement, cosmic ray intensity, magnetic
storm, satellite, satellite mission analysis.ABSTRACT: Results from the processing of cosmic radiation data recorded at 350 to
450 km by the Kosmos-19 satellite between 6 August and 31 December 1964 are
presented. No 27-day variation was noted in the intensity of cosmic rays with
magnetic rigidity above 3.5 GV during this period of minimal solar activity.
During the intensive magnetic storms of 17-27 November a sharp drop in the
counting rate was registered (the same effect was observed at the Rezol'jut ground-
based station in Yakutsk). On 12 August the counting rate was noted
to increase above the mid-month data. This effect followed the appearance of
44,55

Card 1/2

L 1537-66

ACCESSION NR: AT5023532

the solar chromospheric flares by 10-13 hr. A line of equal intensity was produced from the satellite. Its comparison with the lines presented by S. N. Bernov and N. L. Grigor'ev (sb. "Issledovaniye sputnika Zemli," vyp. 1. Izd-vo AN SSSR, 1958) shows that in the period 1957-1963 the intensity increased by only 3%. The smallness of this increase is related to the large threshold rigidity [04] of the particles registered.

ASSOCIATION: none

SUBMITTED: 02Sep65

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: AA, SV

NO REF Sov: 002

OTHER: 001

MTD PRESS: 1098

Card 2/2
JP

L 42126-66	ENT(1)/EEC(k)-2	WH/AT
ACC NR: AP6027437	SOURCE CODE: UR/0377/66/000/003/0003/0005 <i>G2</i>	
AUTHOR: <u>Kulagin, A. I.</u> ; <u>Malov, N. V.</u> ; <u>Erzin, N. I.</u>		
ORG: <u>Physicotechnical Institute, AN UzSSR</u> (Fiziko-tehnicheskiy institut AN UzSSR)		
TITLE: <u>Solar thermoelectric generator with a cylindrical receiver</u>		
SOURCE: <u>Geliotekhnika</u> , no. 3, 1966, 3-5		
TOPIC TAGS: solar energy conversion, solar radiation, thermoelectric generator, thermoelectric converter		
ABSTRACT: A solar thermoelectric energy converter with water cooling is described which uses two layers of materials with different heat-conductivity characteristics to obtain a uniform temperature distribution over the hot junctions. The Bi ₂ Te ₃ + Bi ₂ Se ₃ (n-type) and the Bi ₂ Te ₃ + Sb ₂ Te ₃ (p-type) elements are arranged in 12 blocks of seven elements each, around a 50-mm-long, 15-mm-thick copper cylindrical receiver with a 60 mm diameter, from which they are insulated by a 0.3-mm-thick mica layer. Laboratory measurements made with the use of thermocouples showed that the temperature on the hot junctions varied only from 2380 to 2400 while those on the wall of the cavity varied from 250°C to 350°C. Orig. art. has: 3 figures. [ZL]		
SUB CODE: 03,13 / SUBM DATE: 25Feb66 / ORIG REF: 007 / OTH REF: 001 / ATD PRESS: 5064		
Card: 1/1 MLP		

ARIEOV, U.A. KULAGIN, A.I.

Thermionic method for converting solar energy into electric
energy into electric energy. (Brief review). Gelistekhnika
no.6:5-11 '65. (MIRA 19.1)

1. Fiziko-tehnicheskiy institut AN UzSSR.

L 36352-66	IWT(1) T	IJP(c)	AT				
ACC N ^o : AP6017579	(A)		SOURCE CODE: UR/0377/65/C00/005/0005/0011				
AUTHORS: Aritov, U. A. (Academician AN UzSSR); Kulagin, A. I. (Candidate of physico-mathematical sciences) ^{57B}							
ORG: Physicotechnical Institute AN UzSSR (Fiziko-tehnicheskiy institut AN UzSSR)							
TITLE: Thermolectric method of converting solar energy into electricity (short review)							
SOURCE: Geliotekhnika, no. 6, 1965, 5-11							
TOPIC TAGS: thermionic emission, thermoelectric convertor, solar energy conversion							
ABSTRACT: The authors review recent work done in the thermionic emission method of converting heat energy into electricity, especially through the use of solar and nuclear energy, since the energy conversion can in this case be carried out in closed volumes and at very low loss, whereas heating with conventional fuel is accompanied by large outward radiation loss. The article deals with the operating principles of such converters, solar energy concentrators, the use of such concentrators on satellites in outer space, certain commercially constructed concentrators in solar concentrators in solar converters, and some published data on their weights and efficiencies. All references are to western sources. Orig. art. has: 3 figures, 2 formulas, and 1 table.							
SUB CODE: 20/ SUBM DATE: 16Aug65/ ORIG REF: 005/ OTH REF: 026 Card 1/1 ^{03/} ^{w/} ⁵							

KULAGIN, A.I.; PETUSHKOV, Ye.Ye.

Formation of rollers from cottonseeds in planetary delinting.
Dokl. AN Uz. SSR no.11:17-21 '57. (MIR 11:5)

1. Fiziko-tehnicheskiy institut AN UzSSR. Predstavлено акад. AN
UzSSR U.A. Arifovym.
(Cottonseed) (Linter)

KULAGIN, A. I.: Master Phys-Math Sci (diss) -- "A study of planetary movement as applied to the problem of removing lint from cotton seeds". Tashkent, 1959, published by the Acad Sci Uzbek SSR. 14 pp (Acad Sci Uzbek SSR, Phys-Tech Inst.), 175 copies (KL, No 12, 1959, 125)

KARIPOV, U.A.; KULAGIN, L.L.; PARILIS, E.S.; KHARMATS, D.Ye.;
LEVKOVICH, B.A., prof., red.; BAKLITSKAYA, A.V., red.;
KARABAYEVA, Kh.J., tekhn. red.

[Delinting cottonseed] Ogolenie semia khlopchashnika. Tashkent,
Izd-vo Akad. nauk Uzbekskoi SSR, 1963. 330 p. (MIRA 16:3)

I. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii nauk Uzbekskoy SSR (for
Levkovich).

Cottonseed) (Cotton machine:y)

5271-6 EWT)/EPA(s) 2/E/F(1)/EEC(k)-2/EMU(m)/IPR/EPA(w)-2/T/EPA(t,b)-2/EMI(g)/
WA(h) 3-6/P;..4/Ps-4/P -7/leb LJP(c) JHB/TT/W/AT

ACCESSION NR: AP5012023

UR/0377/65/100/001/0006/001

62

61

63

AUTHOR Arifov, U. A.; Kulagin, A. I.

TITLE Thermoelectric heat-to-electricity conversion

SOURCE Siliotekhnika, no. 1, 1965, 6-15

TOPIC TAGS thermoelectric energy converter, thermoelectricity, solar energy

ABSTRACT: The state-of-the-art (as of 1963) of thermoelectric heat-to-electricity conversion is discussed. Some general data are given on materials and on the applications of solar heating. The work is based largely on information released by General Electric, Westinghouse, and other Western companies, although a few well-known "pre-Russia" Soviet studies are mentioned. It is stated that before the technology can be introduced into various branches of the economy it will be necessary to improve the thermoelectric characteristics of materials, to find better methods for controlling the conversion processes over a wide temperature range, to produce better contacting and insulating substances, and to improve methods of heat removal. It is concluded that the weight of thermoelectric devices and the size of their cooling radiators must be reduced before such devices can be utilized in space systems. Orig. art. has: formulas, 3 tables, and 2 figures.

C 1/2

[ZL]

L 27 L-65
A C E S I O N : AP501 2023

A S O C I A T I O N : Fiziko-tekhnicheskiy institut AN UzSSR
(USSR)

S E R I E M I T T I D : 15M Jv64

ENCL: 00

N R F S O V : 000

OTHER: 008

Physicochemical Institute,

SUB CODI: I.E

ATD PRESS: 40

Cart 1/2

KULAGIN, A. N.

Mitotic activity of the epidermis of the extremity following denervation
in rats. Biul. eksp. biol. med. 47 no.1:97-100 Ja '59. (NIIRA 12:3)

I. Iz laboratorii gistofoziologii (zav. - kand. biol. nauk V.N. Dobrokhotov)
Instituta eksperimental'noy biologii (Dir. - prof. I.N. Mayskiy)
AMN SSSR, Moskva. Predstavlena deystvitel'nym chlenom AMN SSSR N.N.
Zhukovym-Verezhnikovym.

(CELL DIVISION,
mitosis of skin of extremity, eff. of denervation (Rus))

(SKIN, anat. & histol.
mitosis of epidermis of extremity in rat, eff. of de-
nervation (Rus))

KULAGIN, A.N.

Effect of nerve section in the hind leg on the rate of regeneration of skin wounds and on mitotic activity of the regenerating epidermis. Biul.ekspl.biol. i med. 47 no.6:105-109 Je '59.
(MIRA 12:8)

1. Iz laboratorii gistoziologii (zav. - kand.biologicheskikh nauk V.N.Dobrokhoto) Instituta eksperimental'noy biologii (dir. - prof.I.N.Mayskiy) AMN SSSR, Moskva. Predstavlena deyntvitel'nym chlenom AMN SSSR N.N.Zhukovym-Vorezhnikovym).

(SKIN, physiol.
regen. & mitotic activity, eff. of nerve
section in hind leg in animal (Rus))

(REGENERATION,
skin, eff. of hind leg nerve section on regen.
& mitotic activity (Rus))

(CELL DIVISION,
mitosis in skin regen., eff. of hind leg
nerve section (Rus))

KULAGIN, A.N.

Effect of resection of the anterior and posterior roots of the spinal cord on mitotic activity of the epidermis and on the rate of healing of skin wounds in rats. Biul. eksp. biol. i med. 49 no. 5:119-123 My '60. (MIRA 13:12)

1. Iz laboratorii gistoziologii (zav. - kandidat biologicheskikh nauk V.N. Dobrokhotov) Instituta eksperimental'noy biologii (dir. - prof. I.N. Mayskiy) AMN SSSR, Moskva. Predstavlena deystvitel'nym chlenom AMN SSSR N.N. Zhukovym-Verezhnikovym.

(SKIN) (SPINAL CORD) (CELL DIVISION (BIOLOGY))
(WOUNDS)

GOSTEV, V.S.; SAAKOV, A.K.; AZLETSKAYA, A.Ye.; PERELAZNYY, A.A.; NAZARENKO, N.A.; MAZINA, N.M.; KULAGIN, A.N.; ZYKOV, Yu.V.; NIKITENKO, A.A.; SKACHKOV, N.I.

Comparative immunochemical study of antisera to tissue homogenates and the mixtures of their nonprotein fractions. Biul. eksp. biol. i med. 57 no.4:94-97 Ap '64. (MIRA 18:3)

1. Laboratoriya immunokhimii (zav. - prof. V.S. Gostev) Instituta eksperimental'noy biologii (dir. - prof. I.N. Mayskiy) AMN SSSR, Moskva. Submitted May 17, 1963.

KULAGIN, A. V.

1111

"Analysis of the Principal Systems of Throttle-Control Hydraulic Drives and the Selection of the Best Hydraulic Drive Systems." Cand Tech Sci, Moscow Order of Labor Red Banner Higher Technical School imeni Bauman, Min Higher Education USSR, Moscow, 1955. (KL, No 14, Apr 55)

SO: Sum. No. 704, 2 Nov 55 - Survey of Scientific and Technical Dissertations Defended at USSR Higher Educational Institutions (16).

AUTHORS: Kulagin, A.V., Candidate of Technical Sciences, and
Demidov, Yu.S., Senior Lecturer

TITLE: Hydraulic transmission with throttle control for several hydraulic motors, driven by a single pump with proportional pressure

PERIODICAL: Izvestiya vysshikh uchebnykh zavedeniy. Mashinostroyeniye, no. 8, 1960, 17 - 24

TEXT: In a usual type of hydraulic transmission for several hydraulic motors driven by one pump, containing throttles, reversing valves and a by-pass valve, the efficiency is low at low speeds and loads. The system shown in Fig. 2 is more efficient. The by-pass valve is replaced by a pressure regulator (14), whose upper cavity is connected with the delivery pressure switch valves of the pump (13) and its lower cavity (through pressure regulator (14)) with the inlet pressure of the motor whose load at the given instant requires the highest pressure. The author derives a formula for the efficiency

Card 1/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/23/2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000927320006-2

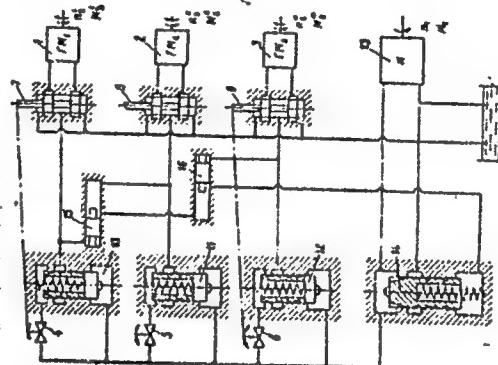
Hydraulic transmission with ...

S/145/60/000/008/001/008
D211/D304

cy of the system proposed by him and shows that it is higher than that of the usual systems. Since the losses are lower, a smaller volume of oil is required for normal operation which allows reduction of dimensions and weight of the working liquid tank. There are 2 figures.

ASSOCIATION: MVTU im. N.E. Baumana (MVTU im. N.E. Bauman)
SUBMITTED: June 1, 1959

Fig. 2.



Card 2/2

KULAGIN, A.Ya., assistant; MIKHAILOVICH, V.N., assistant

"Electric equipment for oil well drilling" by K.N. Kulizade. Reviewed
by A. IA. Kulagin, V.N. Mikhel'kevich. Izv.vys.ucheb.zav.; elekromekh.
1 no.9:127-129 '58. (MIRA 12:1)

1. Kuybyshevskiy industrial'nyy institut.
(Oil well drilling--Equipment and supplies)
(Kulizade, K.N.)

S/121/60/000/012/010/015
A004/A001

AUTHOR: Kulagin, A. Ya.
 TITLE: Transistorized Device for the Active Dimension Control of Components
 PERIODICAL: Stanki i Instrument, 1960, No. 12, pp. 25-26

TEXT: A new device has been developed by the laboratoriya "Elektrooborudovaniye promyshlennyykh predpriyatiy" Kuybyshevskogo industrial'nogo instituta (Laboratory for "Electric Equipment of Industrial Enterprises" of the Kuybyshevskogo Industrial Institute). The device is intended for the active dimension control of antifriction bearing tracks of this kind in so far that the electron tubes used hitherto are replaced by transistors connected to the phase-sensitive pickup of the amplifier of the existing device. An electric contact 3KA (EKD) shows the principal electric circuit of the device. To avoid a burning of the contacts they are connected through the μ C(TS) matching transformer to the input of a phase-sensitive amplifier. Such an amplifier, assembled from KT transistors of the P202 (P202) type and iA(1D) and 2A(2D) diodes of the $\Delta\Gamma$ -424 (DG-Ts24) type, acts as changeover switch and controls

Card 1/3

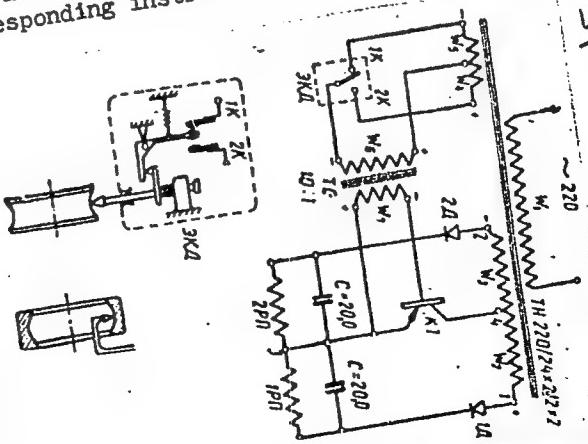
2000

CIA-RDP86-00513R000927320006

S/121/60/000/012/010/015
A004/A001

Transistorized Device for the Active Dimension Control of Components

alternately the two intermediate 1P \bar{N} (1RP) and 2P \bar{N} (2RP) relays of the MKU-24 type. These relays give the corresponding instructions to the working organs of the machine tool, depending on the dimension magnitude of the component. The normally closed contacts of the 1RP relay ensure the switching-over of the speed of the feed motor and in this way the change-over from rough to finish feed is effected. The new device differs from the existing ones in simplicity of design, small overall dimensions, lower weight and costs, as well as increased reliability, durability and longer intervals between repairs. The power supplied to the contacts is by several times lower and amounts only to 0.4 - 0.5 mva (at a



S/121/60/000/012/010/015
A004/A001

Transistorized Device for the Active Dimension Control of Components

contact voltage of 2.0 - 2.5 v respectively), depending on the amplification factor of the transistor. The results were obtained with transistors having a current-gain factor of approximately 50. The author gives a detailed description of the operation of the new device. There is 1 figure and 3 Soviet references.

Card 3/3

1. KULAGIN, B.I., POPYAIKOVSKIY, V.I., Eng.
2. USSR (600)
4. Lathes
7. Work of the lathe operator and Stalin prize winner. Vest mash No. 11 1952.

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, April 1953, Uncl.

KULAGIN, B.I.

TJ1160.A34

TREASURE ISLAND BOOK REVIEW

AID 860 - S

KULAGIN, B. I.

SKOROSTNOYE REZANIYE I UDLINENIYE MEZHREMONTNYKH SROKOV RABOTY STANKA (Speed-Cutting and Extension of Time of Machine-Tool Operation between Repairs). In Akademiya Nauk SSSR. Perekovoy opyt novatorov mashinostroyeniya (Progressive Experience of Leading Men in the Machine-Building Industry) 1954. Part I: Skorostnyye metody mekhanicheskoy obrabotki metallov (High-Speed Methods in Machining of Metals). p. 137-140.

The author is a leading turner of the Moscow Grinding Machines Plant. He has been doing speed metal-cutting since 1939 and has acquired skill in handling grinders. He has fulfilled 27 yearly norms in 6 years, and has operated his machine without capital repairs. He relates "the secret" of his achievements: good care of the equipment.

1/1

SHKARIN, S.A.; KULAGIN, D.G.

Tube rolls made of veneer. Bum.prom. 30 no.11:22 N '55. (MLRA 9:2)

1.Krasnogorodskaya bumazhnaya fabrika.
(Paper making machinery)

KULAGIN, D. G.

Vliianie formy redana na aerogidrodinamicheskie kharakteristiki
poplavka gidrosamoleta. Moskva, 1940. 24 p., illus. (TSACI. Trudy,
no. 197)

Title tr.: Effect of the shape of the step on aero-hydrodynamic
characteristics of a seaplane float.

NCF

SO: Aeronautical Sciences and Aviation in the Soviet Union, Library of
Congress, 1955.

KUL'GIN, D.G., inzh.

New method for securing crane rails to reinforced concrete beams.
Stroi.prom. 36 no.4:49 Ap '58. (MIRA 11:4)

1. Nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut Mosstroy.
(Cranes, derricks, etc.)

KULAGIN, D.G.

Precast reinforced concrete foundations of crane runways.
Rats. predl. no. 37:18-20 '59. (MIRA 14:1)
(Cranes, derricks, etc.) (Concrete footings)

S/100/60/000/011/003/005
9282/D301

AUTHOR: Kulagin, D.G., Engineer

TITLE: Crane tracks mounted on concrete blocks

PERIODICAL: Mekhanizatsiya stroitel'stva, no. 11, 1960, 18-20

TEXT: When using wooden sleepers, the thickness of sand ballast under the track of cranes C5K-1 (SBK-1) must be 400 mm as prescribed by the Gosstroy SSSR (Instruction CH-78-60(SN-78-60)). According to information of the NII (NII) Mosstroy, the life time of wooden sleepers does not exceed two years; the expenses for regular repair of such tracks amount to 25-50% of the exploitation costs of tower cranes. The author of this article introduced the process of mounting the crane tracks on reinforced concrete blocks of a trapezoidal cross-section which he called "KD" (KD) blocks. Since then, such blocks are being successfully used by the Trusts Akademstroy and Rostorgstroy of the Ministry of Commerce of the RSFSR in Moscow, by Kerchmetallurgstroy, Dnepredzerzhinakstroy, Apatitstroy, Yenaknevuzhilstroy and other

Card 1/3

S/100/60/000/011/003/005
D282/D301

Crane tracks mounted...

construction enterprises. Alternatively, the blocks may have a rectangular form; such blocks, type "KD-17" (KD-1P) are used by the Dnepropetrovsk Construction Trust No. 17. Basic constructive data for trapezoidal blocks are given in the article. The rails are attached to the blocks KD by clamps; for this purpose, special angle brackets are inserted into the blocks. These brackets form closed boxes; on both sides of each box, tie bolts are set up, with the aid of which the rail bottom is fixed on the block. Three such boxes are put on each block at a distance of 850 mm one from another. Besides the tie bolts, the rail can be fastened in any position by means of fixing plates. This method of fixing is recommended for gantry cranes СК-1 (SBK-1) at which a certain turn of portal occurs when starting. To eliminate sags the vertical straightening of tracks is accomplished by means of lifting jacks. Such jacks are produced by the Moscow Remontno-mekhanicheskiy zavod MPS (MPS). Their lifting capacity is 15-20 tons, height 327 mm and weight 22 kg. Alternatively, tracks can be straightened with the help of hydraulic jack DG-6 (DG-6) having a 6 ton lifting capacity. Such jacks are produced at the plant "Krasnyy put" in Moscow. The "KD" blocks are made of reinforced concrete, quality not under M-200, and reinforced by two

Card 2/3

Crane tracks mounted...

S/100/60/000/011/003/005
D282/D301

grates. They can be used in building tracks for any tower, gantry or portal crane. When these blocks are used, 4-5 times less ballast is required than in cases where wooden sleepers are used. By applying blocks "KD-IP" for cranes BKSM-5-5A (BKSM-5-5A), the Stroytrest No. 17 in Dnepropetrovsk cut down by 52% its expenses for building tracks. There are 3 figures and 1 table.

Card 3/3

KULAGIN, D.I.

Diagram for the automatization of mine drainage. Ugol' 35 no. 12:9-
11 D '60. (MIRA 14:1)

(Mine drainage) (Automatic control)

KULAGIN, D.I., inzh.

Preventing the overlapping of cables in hoisting units. Bezop.
truda v prom. 5 no.1:32 Ja '61. (MIRA 14:2)

1. Trest Yegorshinugol'.
(Hoisting machinery—Safety measures)

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Specify par.134 of regulations for abandoning mine workings.
Bezop.truda v prom. 5 nc.7:32 Jl '61. (MIRA 14:6)

1. Nachal'nik proizvodstvenno-tehnicheskogo otdela tresta
Yegorshinugol'.
(Coal mines and mining—Safety measures)

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Figure 1 shows the mean concentrations of the different species in the atmosphere in different seasons. The following table gives

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Miscellaneous Applications.

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551.594.11 551.594.13 (17)

Kulagin, D. I., Sviaz' radiatsionnykh i elektricheskikh kharakteristik atmosfery v Tashkente. [Relationship between radiational and electrical properties of the atmosphere at Tashkent.] Akademii Nauk, SSSR, Izvestia, Ser. Geofiz., 1:75-80, 1952. 5 figs., 3 tables, 9 refs. DLC—The importance of the aerosol in regulating the radiational regime of the earth is pointed out. On the basis of a 20-year record of the annual variation in atmospheric turbidity, atmospheric potential gradient and atmospheric conductivity, and of daily variations of these atmospheric characteristics over a 5-year period, the conclusion is drawn that the atmospheric potential gradient varies inversely and atmospheric conductivity directly with the atmospheric turbidity. Subject Headings: 1. Potential gradient 2. Atmospheric conductivity 3. Turbidity 4. Radiation balance 5. Tashkent, U.S.S.R.—I.L.D.

Tashkent Geophys. Observatory